

	EYFS	Y ₁	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y ₅	Y6
Skills				J	•	J	
Reading- Word	Has some favourite stories, rhymes, songs, poems or jingles. Repeats words or phrases from familiar stories. Fills in the missing word or phrase in a known rhyme, story or game, e.g. 'Humpty Dumpty sat on a'. Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos. Looks at books independently. Handles books carefully. Knows information can be relayed in the form of print. Continues a rhyming string. Hears and says the initial sound in words. Can segment the sounds in simple	Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word Read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es,	Continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above read words containing common suffixes read further common exception words, noting unusual	Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.	Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.	Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.	Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.



	words and blend		–ing, –ed, –er and		correspondences		
	them together and knows		–est endings		between spelling		
	which letters		Read other words		and sound and		
	represent some	499			where these occur		
	of them.		of more than one		in the word		
#	Links sounds to		syllable that				
	letters, naming		contain taught	#	read most words		
	and sounding		GPCs		quickly and		
	the letters of the	#	Read words with		accurately,		
	alphabet.		contractions [for		without overt		
#	Begins to read		example, I'm, I'll,		sounding and		
	words and		we'll], and		blending, when		
	simple sentences.		understand that		they have been		
	sentences.				frequently		
#	Knows that		the apostrophe		encountered		
	information can be retrieved		represents the				
	from books and		omitted letter(s)				
	computers.	#	Read aloud				
900			accurately books				
**	Early Learning Goal		that are consistent				
#	Children read		with their				
	and understand		developing phonic				
	simple		knowledge and				
	sentences. They use phonic		that do not require				
	knowledge to		them to use other				
	decode regular						
	words and read them aloud		strategies to work				
	accurately. They		out words				
	also read some	#	Re-read books to				
	common irregular words.		build up their				
	They		fluency and				
	demonstrate		confidence in word				
	understanding		reading.				
	when talking with others						
	about what they						
	have read.						



Reading-
Comprehensi
on

COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING

- Understands
 use of objects
 (e.g. "What do
 we use to cut
 things?")
- Shows
 understanding
 of prepositions
 such as
 'under', 'on
 top', 'behind'
 by carrying out
 an action or
 selecting
 correct
 picture.
- Responds to simple instructions, e.g. to get or put away an object.
- Beginning to understand 'why' and 'how' questions.
- Responds to instructions involving a two-part sequence.
- Understands humour, e.g.

- Develop pleasure
 in reading,
 motivation to
 read, vocabulary
 and understanding
 by:
- understand both
 the books they can
 already read
 accurately and
 fluently and those
 they listen to
- Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say
- Explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.

Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:

- listening to,
 discussing and
 expressing views
 about a wide
 range of
 contemporary and
 classic poetry,
 stories and nonfiction at a level
 beyond that at
 which they can
 read
 independently
- discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related
- becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales
- being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways
- recognising simple recurring literary

Develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:

- Listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, nonfiction and reference books or textbooks
- Reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes
- Using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read
- Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally
- Identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books
- Preparing poems
 and play scripts to
 read aloud and to
 perform, showing
 understanding
 through intonation,
 tone, volume and
 action

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Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:

- Continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, nonfiction and reference books or textbooks
- Reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes
- Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions
- Recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices
- Identifying and discussing themes and conventions in

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- Identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing



nonsense		ge in stories		S	and across a wide	MR
rhymes, jokes.	and poo		cussing words	Discussing words	range of writing	Making comparisons
***	Will I		l phrases that	and phrases that	MIR	within and across
4 Able to follow	# discuss		ture the reader's	capture the reader's	Making comparisons	books
a story without	<u>clarifyir</u>	3	erest and	interest and	within and across	
pictures or	meanin		gination	imagination	books	5 Learning a wider
props.		inking new				range of poetry by
_	meanin		cognising some		Uearning a wider	heart
Listens and		, , ,	erent forms of	different forms of	range of poetry by	_
responds to	# discuss	3	etry [for example,	poetry [for example,	heart	Preparing poems
ideas			e verse, narrative	free verse, narrative		and plays to read
expressed by	and phi	ases poe	etry]	poetry]	Preparing poems	aloud and to
others in	_				and plays to read	perform, showing
conversation		ing to build			aloud and to	understanding
or discussion.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ertoire of			perform, showing	through intonation,
	poems	earnt by			understanding	tone and volume so
	heart,				through intonation,	that the meaning is
		ating these			tone and volume so	clear to an audience
		ting some,			that the meaning is	
	with ap	propriate			clear to an audience	
Early Learning	intonat	on to				
<u>Goal</u>	make t	ne meaning				
Children follow	clear					
instructions						
involving several				nderstand what they	<u>Understand what they</u>	<u>Understand what</u>
ideas or actions.	the boo		y read, in books	<u>read, in books they</u>	<u>read by:</u>	they read by:
They answer			<u>y can read</u>	<u>can read</u>		_
'how' and 'why'			ependently, by:	independently, by:	Checking that the	Checking that the
questions about		ently and	-		book makes sense to	book makes sense to
their			ecking that the	Checking that the	them, discussing	them, discussing
experiences and in response to	<u>listen to</u>		t makes sense to	text makes sense to	their understanding	their understanding
stories or events.	_		m, discussing	them, discussing	and exploring the	and exploring the
Stories or events.			ir understanding	their understanding	meaning of words in	meaning of words in
<u>SPEAKING</u>			l explaining the	and explaining the	context	context
💔 Uses language		_	aning of words in	meaning of words in		_
as a powerful			itext	context	Asking questions to	4 Asking questions to
means of	vocabu				improve their	improve their
widening			ring questions to	Asking questions to	understanding	understanding
contacts, sharing feelings,	teacher		prove their	improve their		
experiences and			lerstanding of a	understanding of a	Drawing inferences	Drawing inferences
thoughts.		g that the text	t	text	such as inferring	such as inferring
5		kes sense			characters' feelings,	characters' feelings,
	to them	as they			thoughts and	thoughts and



finger).

Uses talk to

connect ideas,

Reading Learning Journey

motives from their

justifying inferences

actions, and

with evidence

Predicting what

might happen from

details stated and

Summarising the

main ideas drawn

from more than one

details that support

language, structure

Discuss and evaluate

language, including

figurative language,

impact on the reader

Distinguish between

Retrieve, record and

present information

from non-fiction Participate in

discussions about

books that are read

to them and those

themselves, building

they can read for

books that are read

themselves, building

to them and those

they can read for

statements of fact

and opinion

how authors use

considering the

and presentation

contribute to

meaning

implied

paragraph,

identifying key

the main ideas

Identifying how

#	Holds a		read and	#	Drawing inferences	#	Drawing inferences		motives from their
	conversation,		correcting		such as inferring		such as inferring		actions, and
	jumping from		inaccurate reading		characters' feelings,		characters' feelings,		justifying inferences
	topic to topic.				thoughts and		thoughts and		with evidence
	Loarne nou	#	making inferences		motives from their		motives from their		
₫₽	Learns new words very		on the basis of		actions, and		actions, and	#	Predicting what
	rapidly and is		what is being said		justifying inferences		justifying inferences		might happen from
	able to use them		and done		with evidence		with evidence		details stated and
	in	4	answering and						implied
	communicating.		asking questions	#	Predicting what	#	Predicting what		
#	Uses gestures,		g q		might happen from		might happen from	#	Summarising the
	sometimes with	#	predicting what		details stated and		details stated and		main ideas drawn
	limited talk, e.g.		might happen on		implied		implied		from more than one
	reaches toward		the basis of what		implied		implica		paragraph,
	toy, saying 'I have it'.		has been read so	#	Identifying main	#	Identifying main		identifying key
	naven.		far		ideas drawn from		ideas drawn from		details that support
#	Uses a variety of		iui		more than one		more than one		the main ideas
	questions (e.g.	#	Participate in		paragraph and		paragraph and	#	Identifying how
	what, where,		discussion about		summarising these		summarising these		language, structure
	who).		books, poems and	#	identifying how	#	identifying how		and presentation
			other works that	•	language, structure,	4	language, structure,		contribute to
#	Uses simple		are read to them		and presentation		and presentation		meaning
	sentences (e.g.'		and those that they		contribute to		contribute to		meaning
	Mummy gonna		can read for		meaning		meaning	48	Discuss and evaluate
	work.')		themselves, taking		meaning		meaning	49	how authors use
#	Beginning to use		turns and listening		Retrieve and record	#	Retrieve and record		language, including
	word endings		to what others say	4	information from	419	information from		figurative language,
	(e.g. going, cats).		to what others say		non-fiction		non-fiction		considering the
			Evalain and		HOH-HCHOH		HOH-HCHOH		
#	Beginning to use	40	Explain and discuss their	-	Participate in	#	Participate in		impact on the reader
	more complex		understanding of	9	discussion about	419	discussion about	4	Distinguish between
	sentences to link				both books that are		both books that are	A.	statements of fact
	thoughts (e.g. <i>using and,</i>		books, poems and other material,		read to them and		read to them and		
	because).		both those that						and opinion
			they listen to and		those they can read for themselves,		those they can read for themselves,	4	Retrieve, record and
#	Can retell a				•			dla.	present information
	simple past		those that they read for		taking turns and		taking turns and		from non-fiction
	event in correct		themselves.		listening to what		listening to what	10 E	
	order (e.g. went		themseives.		others say.		others say.	40	Participate in discussions about
	down, slide, hurt								discussions about



	explain what is			on their own and	on their own and
	happening and			others' ideas and	others' ideas and
	anticipate what			challenging views	challenging views
	might happen				
	next, recall and			courteously	courteously
	relive past				
	experiences.			Explain and discuss	Explain and discuss
	оп р эттогоог			their understanding	their understanding
	Questions why			of what they have	of what they have
	things happen			read, including	read, including
	and gives			through formal	through formal
	explanations.				
	Asks e.g. who,			presentations and	presentations and
	what, when,			debates,	debates,
	how.			maintaining a focus	maintaining a focus
	11011.			on the topic and	on the topic and
	Uses a range of			using notes where	using notes where
	tenses (e.g. <i>play</i> ,			necessary	necessary
	playing, will play,			necessary	necessary
	played).			Provide reasoned	Provide reasoned
	ριαγεα).				
	Uses intonation,			justifications for	justifications for
	rhythm and			their views.	their views.
	phrasing to				
	make the				
	meaning clear to				
	others.				
	otileis.				
	Uses vocabulary				
	focused on				
	objects and				
	people that are				
	of particular				
	importance to				
	them.				
	trierri.				
	Builds up				
	vocabulary that				
	reflects the				
	breadth of their				
	experiences.				
	Uses talk in				
	pretending that				
	objects stand for				
	something else				
	in play, e,g, ' <i>This</i>				
	box is my castle.'				



Extends			
vocabulary,			
especially by			
grouping and			
naming,			
exploring the			
meaning and			
sounds of new			
words.			
W Uses language			
to imagine and			
recreate roles			
and experiences			
in play			
situations.			
Sicoucions.			
W Links			
statements and			
sticks to a main			
theme or			
intention.			
Uses talk to			
organise,			
sequence and			
clarify thinking,			
ideas, feelings			
and events.			
Introduces a			
storyline or			
narrative into			
their play.			
trien play.			
Farly Learning Goal			
Early Learning Goal			
W Children express			
themselves			
effectively,			
showing			
awareness of			
listeners' needs.			
They use past,			
present and			
future forms			
accurately when			
talking about			
events that have			
happened or are			
nappened of are			



	to happen in the			
	future.			
	They develop			
	their own			
	narratives and			
	explanations by			
	connecting ideas			
	or events.			
8	🖁 Read and			
	understand			
	simple sentences.			